

THE MAYO BUILDING 407 SOUTH CALHOUN STREET TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32399-0800

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES COMMISSIONER ADAM H. PUTNAM

Please Respond To:

LaSharontè D. Williams-Potts
Office of General Counsel
407 S. Calhoun Street, Suite 520
Tallahassee, FL 32399
(850) 245-1011
Lasha.Williams@FreshFromFlorida.com

November 24, 2015

Judge John G. Van Laningham c/o DOAH Clerk Division of Administrative Hearings 1230 Apalachee Parkway Tallahassee, Florida 32399-3060

Re: Agency Final Order

Frontier Fresh of Indian River, LLC vs. United Indian River Packers, LLC and Fidelity and Deposit Insurance Co. of Maryland;

Case No.: 15-1732

Dear Judge Van Laningham,

Enclosed is a copy of the Department's Final Order. Please feel free to contact our office if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

LaSharontè D. Williams-Potts

Attorney



STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES

FRONTIER FRESH OF INDIAN RIVER, LLC

Petitioner,

DOAH Case No.: 15-1732

VS.

UNITED INDIAN RIVER PACKERS, LLC,

and

FIDELITY AND DEPOSIT INSURANCE COMPANY OF MARYLAND, AS SURETY,

Respondents.	

FINAL ORDER

THIS CAUSE arising under the Florida Citrus Code, Sections 601.64 and 601.66, Florida Statutes, came before the Commissioner of the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services ("the Department") for consideration and final agency action. The Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services, as head of the Department, has jurisdiction over the subject matter and the parties.

I. BACKGROUND

On February 15, 2015, Frontier Fresh of Indian River, LLC, ("Frontier") filed an Amended Complaint against United Indian River Packers, LLC ("United") and the Fidelity and Deposit Insurance Company of Maryland ("Surety") with the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services for a total of \$108,670.50. The Department provided notice of the Amended

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Complaint to both United and Surety. In its Answer, United denied Frontier's allegations and

requested a hearing. On or around March 25, 2015, the Department referred the matter to the

Florida Division of Administrative Hearings ("DOAH") for formal hearing. Surety did not

respond to the Amended Complaint nor did it appear in this proceeding.

The final hearing was conducted on June 16, 2015. During the live formal hearing,

Frontier offered the testimonies of Michael Perry and Chad Durrell and entered its Exhibits 1

through 7 without objection. United presented the testimonies of Preston Perrone, Thomas P.

Kennedy, and Kenneth P. Kennedy and entered its Exhibits 1 and 2.

A transcript of the proceedings was filed on July 8, 2015. Both parties timely filed

proposed Recommended Orders pursuant to the ALJ's Order on Post-Hearing Submissions and a

subsequent extension. Frontier also sought an award of attorney's fees pursuant to the fruit

purchase contract.

On August 27, 2015, the ALJ entered an order recommending the entry of Final Order

approving Frontier's claim against United in the amount of \$108,670.50, together with pre-award

interest at the statutory rate from June 4, 2014, to the date of the final order. On September 11,

2015, United filed written exceptions to the Recommended Order. Frontier did not.

The Record consists of all notices, pleadings, supporting exhibits, transcripts, stipulations

of the parties and the Recommended Order. The Recommended Order is attached hereto and

incorporated herein.

II. EXCEPTIONS TO THE RECOMMENDED ORDER

The Department's ruling in regard to written exceptions filed by United is as follows:

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Exception I: United takes exception to the ALJ's findings of fact in paragraph 6 and

endnote 1 of the Recommended Order. Particularly, endnote 1 states:

For reasons that will be made clear, it is not necessary for the undersigned to

make detailed findings regarding the cause(s) of the relatively low yield of fresh-

fruit quality grapefruit from the Emerald Grove in 2013/2014. No finding is made

or implied here, one way or the other, on the question of whether the grapefruit

sold under the purchase contract were nonconforming or whether Seller breached,

e.g., the warranty of merchantability.

United argues that before a final order finding violation of the Florida Citrus Code could

be entered in this case, a determination that the fruit was nonconforming to the agreement is

necessary. United believes that it was not the breaching party because Frontier sold to it

nonconforming goods which either caused the parties to enter into a modified agreement or

caused United to revoke acceptance of the goods after the nonconformity was not seasonably

cured. To support this argument, United references portions of the fruit purchase agreement,

testimony by Thomas P. Kennedy, Michael Perry and Chad Durrell, and Section 672.101,

Florida Statutes, which applies to transactions involving the sale of goods.

Ruling on Exception I: Pursuant to Section 120.57(1)(1), Florida Statutes, an agency

may reject or modify the findings of fact in a recommended order if the agency "first determines

from a review of the entire record, and states with particularity in the order, that the findings of

fact were not based upon competent substantial evidence or if the proceedings on which the

findings were based did not comply with essential requirements of law." In this case, the ALJ

found that United had accepted the fruit and therefore a finding as to whether the fruit was

nonconforming to the contract was unnecessary. After a review of the record, it does not appear

that this finding was not based on competent substantial evidence. As such, the Department

overrules Exception I.

Exception II: United takes exception to the ALJ's findings of fact in paragraphs 9, 11,

12, 13, and 15. In these passages, the ALJ found that United repudiated the contract between it

and Frontier and subsequently asked Frontier to forgive a portion of the debt owed to it. United

argues that there was a modification of the contract where the parties agreed that United would

accept the impaired fruit and Frontier would accept a lower price which would be determined at

a later date. Therefore, United did not violate the citrus code because it did not fail to make

payment for the fruit. To support this argument, United references testimony by Thomas P.

Kennedy, Michael Perry and Chad Durrell, Florida case law that interprets principles of contract

law, and Section 672.305, Florida Statutes, which applies to transactions involving the sale of

goods.

Ruling on Exception II: United argues that there is enough evidence to find that the

parties entered into a modified agreement. However, whether a modified agreement was reached

between the parties is a conclusion of law. Pursuant to Section 120.57(1)(1), Florida Statutes, an

"agency in its final order may reject or modify the conclusions of law over which it has

substantive jurisdiction and interpretation of administrative rules over which it has substantive

jurisdiction." The Department is without legal authority to modify or reject this conclusion

because it does not have substantive jurisdiction over Chapter 672, Florida Statutes or any other

laws that govern contracts for the sale of goods. Further, after a review of the record, it does not

appear that the ALJ's findings were not based on competent substantial evidence. For these

reasons, Exception II is overruled.

Exception III: United takes exception to the ALJ's finding of fact in paragraph 14 and

the conclusions of law in paragraphs 27 and 28. In paragraph 14, the ALJ found that United

accepted the fruit from Frontier without a proper and seasonable revocation of acceptance. Based

on this finding, the ALJ further concluded in paragraphs 27 and 28 that United exercised

ownership of the fruit it harvested from Frontier's groves despite any blemishes on the fruit. The

ALJ went on to explain that pursuant to contract law, United could rightfully accept

nonconforming fruit without penalty so long as acceptance is revoked within a reasonable time

after it discovers or should have discovered the grounds for revocation and the Seller, in this case

Frontier, is notified. United never provided Frontier with notice of revocation; United instead

sold the fruit to others in the ordinary course of business inconsistent with revocation.

United argues that it accepted the goods, although nonconforming, because it reasonably

believed that Frontier would seasonably cure the defect through an adjustment in price. It later

revoked acceptance when it was notified that Frontier was not going to cure. To support this

argument, United references Florida case law that interprets principles of contract law, and

Sections 672.607 and 672.608, Florida Statutes, which apply to transactions involving the sale of

goods.

Ruling on Exception III: United does not dispute the fact that it accepted the goods, but

rather the finding that notice of revocation was not given within reasonable time after

acceptance. After a review of the record, it does not appear that this finding was not based on

competent substantial evidence.

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Further the conclusions of law in paragraphs 27 and 28 are grounded in contract law. The

Department cannot modify or reject these conclusions as it lacks the substantive jurisdiction to

do so. For these reasons, Exception III is overruled.

III. FINDINGS OF FACT

The Commissioner of Agriculture adopts the Findings of Fact set forth in the attached

Recommended Order.

IV. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Commissioner of Agriculture adopts the conclusions of law set forth in the attached

Recommended Order.

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED:

1. Respondent, United, is indebted to Petitioner, Frontier, in the amount of

\$108,670.50.

2. Respondent, United shall pay to Petitioner, Frontier, \$108,0670.00 within thirty

(30) days from the date of this Final Order. In the event Respondent United does not comply

with this Final Order within thirty (30) days, Surety, the Fidelity and Deposit Company of

Maryland, as Co-respondent, is hereby ordered to provide payment under the conditions and

provisions of the citrus dealer's bond no. 21BSBGH6607, to ADAM H. PUTNAM,

COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE. Should responsibility of payment evolve to

the Co-respondent, the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, it will be notified

by the Department. This Final Order is effective on the date filed with the Clerk of the

Department.

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NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

Any party to these proceedings adversely affected by this Final Order is entitled to seek judicial review of this Final Order pursuant to Section 120.68, Florida Statutes, and Rule 9.110, Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure. Judicial review proceedings must be instituted by filing a Notice of Appeal with the Department's Agency Clerk, 407 South Calhoun Street, Suite 509, Tallahassee, Florida, 32399-0800, within thirty (30) days of rendition of this order. A copy of the Notice of Appeal must be filed with the Clerk of the appropriate District Court of Appeal accompanied by any filing fees prescribed by law.

DONE and ORDERED at Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida, this Hay of Overher, 2015.

ADAM H. PUTNAM COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE

Michael A. Joyner

Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture

Filed with Agency Clerk this 24th day of November, 2015.

Stephen M. Donelan Agency Clerk

Copies furnished to:

Judge John G. Van Laningham, Administrative Law Judge, The Division of Administrative Hearings The Desoto Building, 1230 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, FL 32399

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Fred L Kretschmer, Attorney for Petitioner Frontier, Brennan & Kretschmer, 1443 20th Street, Ste. A, Vero Beach, FL 32960

Louis B. Vocelle, Jr., Attorney for Respondent United, Vocelle & Berg, LLP, 3333 20th Street, Vero Beach, FL 32960

Bond Claim Department, Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland,1400 American Lane, Schaumberg, IL 60196

Tom Steckler, Division Director, Division of Consumer Services, the Rhodes Building

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